where department is the world there is no different to the world the control of the character of the control of the character of the control ground has no claim whatever upon the community for it. He bought his lots just as all others bought, with the plot before him. He owns no more of the streets than is owned by every other man in the county. If he has been permitted by the indulgence and courtesy of his neighbors to use the ground for years, is it therefore due to him that he should now have the fee simple awarded to him? Let modesty and upon her, and bound her by treaty.

common justice answer the question.

"I am exhausted; but from Major Donelson's letter,

outskirts, are desirous to have vacations of streets and yours. alleys at various points on every side of the town, which, if submitted to in silence, might lead to serious public injury.

ONE OF THE PEOPLE.

MESSAS. EDITORS: - Please publish the following line written to a young lady on the departure of K. B. T.

Why do you talk of him now, When he is far away? You cannot see his polished brow Nor eyes of liquid gray. His stately form no more you'll meet In halls of festive mirth-Nor will your ear his accents greet As once it did on earth! He'll see you though in dreams by day, And hear your voice at even ; Perchance hear each melodious lay You sang to him of heaven! No! in oblivion he'll ne'er cast

You from his mind away; He'll still remember hours he passed With you, my friend, so gay. Ah yes! those graces he once met, Like zephyrs over flowers-Methinks are in his memory yet To soothe his lonely hours. That token which he gave so kind,-Still keep it for his sake, And cherish vivid in your mind

The voics he used to make. Now while he's called from you to dwell Far in a southern town ; He courts by law, you know full well-A fellow of renown!

I hope ere long you'll meet again. As once you did in May-And now from writing I'll refrain Until another day. IFDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 25, 1845.

ELLA !

tional obstacles are now out of the way, which stood by waiting? In truth, we are not in a condition to Wabash and Carroll, shall be two weeks each; and in the tering oaths and taking acknowledgments of conveyances. before like a lion in the path, against the earlier forms which were proposed for the action of Congress. The admission of Texas as a "new State" into the Union, with stipulations as to her surplus territory, solves all that difficulty. This is the fundamental idea common to the three several plans of Mr. Niles in the Senate, and Gen. Droomgoole and Mr. Tibbatts in the Senate, and Gen. Droomgoole and Mr. Tibbatts in the House of Representatives. We take it as pretty well settled now, that the action of Congress on the sub-House of Representatives. We take it as pretty well settled now, that the action of Congress on the subject in one form or another, must and will take this direction. Dromgoole's is the briefest and simplest of the three, and so far the most desirable—independently of the question of slavery. It makes no stipulable from the coast. We say this because new State to be admitted, though it proposes to fix certain limits to the dimensions of that State; leaving that surplus territory, of course, to the continued ownership of the State precisely as some of our original States at the time of the criminal, as the proper parties the surplus territory, of course, to the continued ownership of the State, precisely as some of our original States at the time of the formation of the State; leaving that surplus territory which they afterwards coded to the Federal Government. It also leaves untouched the whole Debt question. The United States touched the whole Debt question. The United States assume no more liability for the debts of Texas than they now have for those of Pennsylvania or New York. This feature is a capital recommendation of Drongoole's plan. After the admission of the new gotiate with her ismultaneously about her lands, and State is consummated, it will be time enough to negotiate with her simultaneously about her lands, and the debt chargeable on them. Niles's plan is defective in this required to receive, in payment of State revenue all the country of the Columbia to be adjusted to the Columbia to be adjusted to the country of the countr tive in this respect, that it provides for the cession of hereafter. the lands without a corresponding assumption of the debt. Both or neither, is but fair play. With Gen. Dromgoole, we prefer the latter, decidedly. It sim-grocery business must agree with you. What did plifies the measure. It removes from it all semblance you weigh last ?" of that stock-jobbing character which is fastened upon it in the prejudices of many of its opponents. And it me it was a pound of butter."-Boston Post. will leave time for a more deliberate survey of the whole ground of the questions we so often hear blindly mooted in the dark-How much is the debt ! and

prostrate and secure him from future power to harm-or to leave it till he shall have reached a size and toss the Union to death? In other words, shall this point be settled now, or shall we leave it to breed another and worse Missouri Question hereafter? We need not repeat the conviction we have before expressed, that it ought to be settled, by some fair and equal compromise, now, while it is a subordinate and not a primary question, and when the general desire to effect the main measure of the Annexation, will dispose the minds of all more openly to fair terms of adjustment. We trust that our friends in Washington from all sections will meet in a kindly and liberal spirit upon this point. With the Picture of the Annexation and in the primary large of the Annexation and in the primary question and answers the Constitution and laws with unprecedented facility.

Insurance of the Annexation, will dispose the minds of all more openly to fair terms of adjustment. We trust that our friends in Washington from all sections will meet in a kindly and liberal spirit upon this point. With the Picture of the Annexation and the primary large of the courts of said courts as fixed by this act; and all suits, recognizances, motions, rules and other proceedings which at the time of the taking effect of this act shall be pecding in any of said courts shall be acted upon therein in the same manners as of the time of the taking effect of this act shall be primary and answers, the Constitution and laws of the time of the taking effect of this act shall be produced, the time of the taking effect of this act shall be produced, and sent and courts shall be ecourts in the time of the taking effect of this act shall be recognizances, motions, rules and other proceedings which at the time of the taking effect of this act shall be recognizances, motions, rules and other proceedings which at the time of the taking effect of this act shall be recognizances, motions, rules and other proceedings which at the time of the time to said courts shall be ended upon therein in the time of the taking effect of this act shall be recognizances, motions, r all sections will meet in a kindly and liberal spirit upon this point. With the Richmond Enquirer, "we cannot but confidently indulge the hope that some wise and conciliatory compromise may be pursued by the friends of Annexation before the expiration of the present session." The Constitution says that the South would not accept Texas with such a compromise division of her territory as Mr. Niles's resolution proposes.

What is the extent and value of the unappropriated

COMMUNICATIONS.

| say nothing of the more perilous passage of the Senate. |
| Would the Southern members then reject it for such a reason! We trust not. We cannot believe that any

I have been induced to invite the consideration of the citizens to this subject at this time, at the request of some Texas seemed so imminent, that, althoug feeble, I could of my fellow townsmen, and because some of my neigh not forbear to say this much to you, that you might com-bors owning property, and living, some of them, in the outskirts, are desirous to have vacations of streets and yours.

ANDREW JACKSON."

> From the Journal of Commerce, January 18. Oregon.

Wednesday by Mr. Archer, Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations, we infer that the negotiation which has so long been pending for the adjustwould be transmitted to the Senate." The word "attempted," in this connexion, if actually made use of by Mr. Archer, is full of meaning. In the National Intelligencer Mr. A. is reported to have said,-"the result of the negotiation which had been in progress between the English Plenipotentiary here and the Department of State, might be expected to be laid before the Senate in the course of a few days, so as to give time, before the expiration of the session of Congress, for any action which Congress might deem requisite

Should it prove that this negotiation has failed of cial Cucuit. its object, we know not how or when the question is SEC. 2. That the terms of Court in the county of Cass shall From the N. Y. Morning News, Jan. 13.

Annexation at this Session.

We earnestly trust that the present Congress will not adjourn without settling this question. Constitu-

"Well, Simon, I really forget now; but it strikes

We suppose the above has no reference to a certain notorious person late of " these diggins."

lands ! There remains, then, but one serious difficul- Revised Statutes of Indiana in Questy in the way—the question of slavery. Mr. Niles's plan compromises that at once, like Col. Benton's, by tions and Answers for the Use of

making the 100th meridian of longitude a dividing

From the Hon. R. Mayhene, Treasurer of State and Superintendent of

VINCENNES, Dec. 1844.

We regret to read such a declaration, though we cannot believe that it will be sustained by the "sober second-thought" of the minds from which it may have proceeded. The vote in the House on Friday, of 92 to 82, in favor of suspending the rules to admit a proposition to divide the territory equally by a line drawn north-west from a point at the centre of the coast of Texas on the Gulf, would seem to argue the necessity of some such compromise on this point to carry the necessity through the House of Representatives—to

CIRCULAR.

Peorl Street Confectionery, Fruit and Toy Store, Louisville, Ky.

Peorl Street Confectionery, Fruit and Toy Store, Louisville, Ky.

Candies twenty per cent. for cash. It is useless for him to say any thing in fivor of the article manufactured at this establishment. The vast amount furnished for many years to Western and Southern merchants speaks for itself. Having every facility he can furnish all orders at the shertest notice. He will also keep all kinds of fresh and dried foreign fruks, nuts of every description; segars of all kinds; childrens' toys, in all their varieties. Wholessie desicrs are particularly invited to give him a call.

A. BORIE, Wholessie and retail Confectionery, Pearl street, 3d door above Main, 32-4w

Louisvile, Ky.

LAWS OF INDIANA.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY. AN ACT fixing the time of holding courts in the

force from and after its publication in the Indiana State Jour- payment of said funds to the respective county treasurers nal and Sentinel, and it is hereby made the duty of the Sec- shall distinguish between payments on account of the

A. C. STEVENSON, Speaker of the House of Representatives. JESSE D. BRIGHT,

President of the Senate. Approved January 13, 1845:

From a remark made in the U. S. Senate on AN ACT to regulate the attendance of Grand and Petit Jurors in the Fifth Judicial Circuit. Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the the respective congressional townships for the preservation day of March, 1845.

State of Indiana, That after the taking effect of this act the of any portion of such funds as may come into their respective.

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

JESSE D. BRIGHT. President of the Senate. Approved January 13, 1845:

JAS. WHITCOMB

JAS. WHITCOMB.

AN ACT fixing the time of holding Courts in the Eighth Judicial Circuit, and for other purposes. Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the be followed by the county auditor as nearly as may be. or expedient in relation to the controversy which had be followed by the county auditor as nearly as may be.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the county auditor as nearly as may be.

State of Indiana, That the counties of Richardville and Tiplor be followed by the county auditor as nearly as may be.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the county auditor as nearly as may be.

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Section 2. All loans which and the said first day of March, 1845.

Section 3. All loans which are the county auditor as nearly as may be.

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Section 3. All loans which are the county auditor as nearly a

its object, we know not how or when the question is to be adjusted,—Mr. Packenham, the British Envoy, in the county of Miami on the Monday succeeding the courts in the county of Miami on the Monday succeeding the courts of the present valuation laws had not been publication in the Indiana State Sentinel or Journal.

A C STEVENSON. having been commissioned specially for this purpose. It may be taken for granted that all the arguments which could be brought to bear upon the subject, on either side, have been exhausted. Able men have been employed, and all the circumstances of the negotiation, so far as we know, have been favorable. It tous has any thing to gain by splitting hairs about a tous has any thing to gain by splitting hairs about a county of White in the county of Richardville on Tuesday.

In the county of Miami on the Monday succeeding the courts in the county of Miami, in the county of Miami, in the county of Fulton on the Tuesday succeeding the courts in the county of Pulaski on the Tuesday succeeding the courts in the county of Pulaski, in the county of Pulaski in the county of Pulaski in the county of Pulaski on the Tuesday succeeding the courts in the county of Pulaski in the county of Pulaski in the county of Pulaski on the Tuesday succeeding the courts in the county of Pulaski in the county of Pulaski in the county of Pulaski on the Tuesday succeeding the courts in the county of Pulaski in the county of Pulaski on the Tuesday succeeding the courts in the county of Pulaski on the Tuesday succeeding the courts in the county of Pulaski on the Tuesday succeeding the courts in the county of Pulaski on the Tuesday succeeding the courts in the county of Pulaski on the Tuesday succeeding the courts in the county of Pulaski on the Tuesday succee

Speaker of the House of Representatives. JESSE D. BRIGHT, President of the Senate. Approved, January 13, 1845:

AN ACT to fix the time of holding courts in the tenth

JAS. WHITCOMB. -

Judicial Circuit. SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana, That the circuit courts of the tenth judi-cial circuit of said State shall hereafter be nolden as follows, to wit: In the county of Morgan on the first Monday of State of Indiana, That when any executor or administrator Schools, Families, and Justices of the March and September of each year, in the county of Brown shall be ordered by any Probate court to sell any real estate, on the Mondays succeeding the terms of the circuit court in it shall be lawful for such executor or administrator to make It is about an equal division of the territory, though slavery gets all the coast. Corresponding to the natural laws of the same and the county of the count

matters new pending or to be pending in any of the said circuit courts are hereby made returnable to the first day of the

Speaker of the House of Representatives
JESSE D. BRIGHT,
President of the Senate. Approved January 13, 1845:

AN ACT to amend the first article of the fiftieth chapter of the Revised Statutes of 1843.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana, That it shall be the duty of the board duing county business in the counties of Harrison and Morgan, at the March term thereof after the passage of this act, or the next succeeding term thereafter to select from the tax list all (as near as may be) the discreet householders and freeholders resident in said county having the qualifications

SEC. 2. Such names so selected, shall be written on sepa

next the names of twelve persons who shall be petit jurous for the first week of said term, and next the names of twelve persons who shall be petit jurors for the remainder of said term, and in like order the names of persons shall be drawn for grand and petit jurors, for the succeeding term or terms of said court in the same year and years next ensuing such of said court in the same year and years next ensuing such drawing; and to other selection shall be made until all have fulfil any contract bereafter made for the delivery of either next the names of twelve persons who shall be petit jurous pounds of merchantable oats shall be given and taken as a for the first week of said term, and next the names of twelve standard bushel.

clerks' offices in the said fifth circuit without delay. funds and those made on account of the Bank tax fund; and the county auditors in making loans of said funds shall be the county auditors in making loans of said funds shall be careful to make a proper distinction so that the amount be-longing to each fund can at any time be readily ascertained. SEC. 5. It shall be the duty of the Auditor of State upon the assing of the warrants as above immediately to certify to the espective county auditors the amount audited in favor conclusive evidence, in all suits against said treasurer, of the they are hereby appointed commissioners on the part of the after its publication in the Indiana State Sentinel and Indiana

school funds be made unless the right of dower, wherever it | ing their duties.

to the valuation laws now in force, but the premises mort- vacancy which may occur in the said office of commissioner gaged may be sold, and the promi-sory note given by the in either of said counties by appointment.

power to administer all oaths required by law in making loans of the common school funds, and may take acknowledgments of the mortgages executed by the borrowers of any of said funds, for which services they shall receive such compen-ation as is now allowed by law to persons adminis-

send two copies thereof to the Clerks of each of the counties and to the Editor of the Democratic Pharos for publication.

A. C. STEVENSON,

Wise required to receive, in payment of State revenue all of January one thousand eight hundred and thirty (torty) six, the dimensions and construction of which together with all other locks and slopes contemplated by this act, the boards other locks and slopes contemplated by this act, the boards of the proper county, shall at all times stand which he has taken with firmness and with and publication in the State Journal and Sentinel. A. C. STEVENSON,

Speaker of the House of Representatives. JESSE D. BRIGHT. President of the Senate.

Approved January 13, 1845:

AN ACT in relation to sales of real Estate by Executors and Administrators. SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the

A. C. STEVENSON,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

JESSE D. BRIGHT,

President of the Senate. Approved, December 13, 1844: JAS. WHITCOMB.

IN ACT for the benefit of bail for the stay of Exe-SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana, That any person having become bail for the stay of execution, who may pay and satisfy the judgment on which he is such bail, or any such balance due thereon may, upon the order of the court, have execution upon the judgment for his benefit until he obtains re-payment of such sum as he may so have paid and satisfied. SEC. 2. This act to be in force from and after its publication in the Indiana State Journal, and Indiana State Sentine A. C. STEVENSON,

- Speaker of the House of Representatives.

JESSE D. BRIGHT,

President of the Senate. Approved January 13, 1845: JAS, WHITCOMB.

rate and similar pieces of paper and closely folded, so as to conceal the name, and put into a box provided for the purpose, and well shaken together.

SEC. 3. The clerk of the circuit court shall then in the

presence of the board, and without seeing any of said names chantable flax seed shall be given and taken as a standard draw from the box "first" the names of eighteen persons bushel; forty-eight pounds of merchantable bulley shall be grand jurors for the first term of said court, given and taken as a standard bushel; and thirty-three Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the

present school laws of said district be required to meet on the first Monday of March 1845, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day at the usual place of voting in said district and decide by a vote or votes, whether tax so levied as aforesaid, shall be

state of Indiana, That hereafter it shall be the duy of the shall be paid by said district.

tion in the Indiana State Journal and Sentinel. A. C. STEVENSON,
Speaker of the House of R presentatives. JESSE D BRIGHT, President of the Senate. Approved January 13, 1845;

JAS. WHITCOMB. AN ACT for the appointment of Commissioners of

the reserved township of land in the counties of Gibson and Monroe.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the as to render said Justices of the Peace ineligible to said ofof the county treasurer, on account of the saline fund and State of Indiana, That James Smith of the county of Gibbank tax fund respectively, which said certificate shall be son and John W. Berry of the county of Monroe, be and
SEC. 2. This act to take effect and be in force from and

amount by him received under the provisions of this act, and State of the reserved township of land in their respective and State Journal. the several counties shall be held liable to the inhabitants of counties for the term of three years from and after the first SEC. 2. That before entering upon the duties of their said ment of the Oregon boundary, is likely to prove a failure. As reported in the Washington Globe, Mr.
Archer said, "In a few days the result of the attempt-

ed negotiation on the part of the English government of Boone and Shelby.

Sec. 2. This act shall be a public act and be in force from and the United States concerning the Oregon question of the securities of Daniel States concerning the Oregon question of the securities of Daniel States concerning the Oregon question of the securities of Daniel States concerning the Oregon question of the securities of Daniel States concerning the Oregon question of the securities of Daniel States concerning the Oregon question of the securities of Daniel States concerning the Oregon question of the securities of Daniel States concerning the Oregon question of the securities of Daniel States concerning the Oregon question of the securities of Daniel States concerning the Oregon question of the securities of Daniel States concerning the Oregon question of the securities of Daniel States concerning the Oregon question of the securities of Daniel States concerning the Oregon question of the securities of Daniel States concerning the Oregon question of the securities of Daniel States concerning the Oregon question of the securities of Daniel States concerning the Oregon question of the securities of Daniel States concerning the Oregon question of the the O hereafter be prescribed by law for loaning the common school shall be filed in the office of the Autitor of Public Accounts, funds, and the interest arising from such loans shall be dis- and shall from its date be a lien on the lands and tenements

> exists, shall have been surrendered in manner and form as SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, that the term of service of the present incumbents shall be extended until the said expired, upon a final sentement made as such school com-SEC. 8. It shall be the duty of the Auditor of State to for- first day of March, 1845 and that all their acts as such comward to each county auditor the form of mortgage heretofore missioners performed as required by law from the expiration used by him in making loans of said funds, which form shall of their last appointment are hereby legalized to all in ents and purposes as if said appointments had not terminated un-

> > SEC. 5. It shall be the duty of the Governor to fill any This act to take effect and be in force from and after its

A. C. STEVENSON, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

JESSE D. BRIGHT,

President of the Senate.

Approved January 13, 1845:

AN ACT declaring Big B'ue River a public high-SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana, That Big Blue River in the counties of cept their liability as shown by the said settlement made by Harrison, Crawford and Washington, from its mouth up to said Daniel Carle with the said John B. Au-tin, Audi or of

injure the navigation of said stream, every person or persons ing, or that may hereafter be brought on said official bond so offending, shall for every such offence, be fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dallars, nor less than ten Sec. 3. That the provisions of this bill are not to extend of the circuit courts of the counties bounding on said stream from its mouth to the said Hagan's Mills, and shall be more-lication in the State Sentinel and Indiana State Journal.

Justice of the Peace of the proper township be fined in any sum not exceeding three dollars. All fines collected for Indiana, to wit:

have a right to prescribe and regulate.

SEC. 5. This act shall be given in special charge to the grand juries of the counties of Harrison, Washington and Crawford by the judge of the circuit court of said counties, at all their terms next succeeding the first day of January In Warren township on the 21st instant, by J. W. one thousand eight hundred and thirty (forty) six. Buchanan, Esq. Mr. ISRAEL STATER to Miss Resecca Sec 6. All acts or parts of acts contravening, or coming

This act to take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the Indiana Journal and State Sentinel. A. C STEVENSON,

Speaker of the House of Representatives. JESSE D. BRIGHT, President of the Senate. Approved January 13, 1845: JAS. WHITCOMB.

the duties of such county board.

SEC. 3. That any five ju-tices elected as in the act which this is an amendment may form said county board. SEC. 4. That all laws and parts of laws coming within the surview of this act be and the same are hereby repealed.

SEC. 5. This act to take effect from and after its passage and publication in the Sentinel.

A. C. STEVENSON, JESSE D. BRIGHT, President of the Senate. Approved January 11, 1845; JAS. WHITCOMB.

AN ACT to authorise the Treasurer of Dubois county to perform the duties of School Commiss

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana, That the Treasurer of Dubois county be and he is hereby authorized and required to do and perform att the duties enj jued by law on the school commissioner of

SEC 2. Before entering upon the discharge of the duties of school commissioner, he shall take an oath of office, and AN ACT prescribing an uniform mode of ascertaining by weight the quantity of the different kinds of grain that shall pass for a standard bushel in this State.

Recrior 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana. That sixty monde of market the pass to the services as is allowed by law to school commissioners.

Sec. 3. This act to take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the Indiana State Sentinel and Indiana State of Indiana. That sixty monde of market the sentinel and Indiana State Journal.

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

JESSE D. BRIGHT,

President of the Senate.

acquiesced in, and the decision of a majority of such legal voters, made as herein prescribed shall be obligatory and decisive in the premises.

SEC. 3. The collector of said taxes in the said county of Marion shall proceed to collect the same, as the law directs or forbear therefrom, according to the decision of a majority of the said voters, as certified to him by the proper officers of the said meeting. SEC. 4. This act to be in force from and after its publication in the Indiana State Journal and the Indiana State Sen-tinel, newspapers at Indianapolis: the expense of which

A. C. STEVENSON. Speaker of the House of Representatives.

JESSE D. BRIGHT. President of the Senate. Approved January 13, 1845; JAS. WHITCOMB.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the

AN ACT to repeal part of an act entitled "an act vesting the duties of School Commissioner in the County Treasurer of certain counties," approved January 15, 1844. SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana, That the act entitled "an act vesting the tain counties," approved January 15, 1844," shall be and the same is hereby repealed so far as relates to Fayette county, and the laws repealed thereby are hereby revired, and that the duties properly belonging to the school commissioner of

Fayette county be again revived by the said school commisioner of said county, and it is hereby made his duty to discharge all the duries devolving upon the office of school comssioner in said county until his term of service shall have expired for which he was elected in the same mode and manner as though this act, to which this is amendatory, had nev-SEC. 2. This act to be in force from and after its publica-

tion in the State Sentinel and Indiana Journal. A. C. STEVENSON.

Speaker of the House of Representative

JENSE D. BRIGHT,

President of the Senate. Approved January 13, 1845: JAS. WHITCOMB.

AN ACT to amend an act entitled "an act changing the mode of doing county business in the county of Clay," approved January 17, 1842. SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana, That the first section of the above recited act, be so amended, that the election of commissioners contemplated by said act, shall not be confined to the Justices of the Peace, but that it shall be lawful to elect any qualified voter to do the business, as therein contemplated; provided

A. C. STEVENSON. Speaker of the House of Representatives. JESSE D. BRIGHT, President of the Senute. Approved January 13, 1845: JAS. WHITCOMB.

WHEREAS, Daniel Carle as school commissioner of the county of Montgomery, in the State of Indiana, gave his offinds, and the interest arising from such loans shall be distributed among the townships, and applied a other common of the obligors.

Sec. 3. That the said commissioner when qualified shall be governed in all respects by the laws now in force defination.

Sec. 7. In no case shall a loan from any of the common be governed in all respects by the laws now in force defination.

And whereas, after said Daniel Carle's term of offi e had missioner, said Daniel Carle, with John B. Austin at that time Auditor of the county of Montgomery, on the 15th day of Dec mber, A. D 1841, the said Carle was found by said settlement to be delinquent as such school commissioner in the sum of eight hundred and seventy-three dollars and ninety-six cents. (\$573 96.)

And whereas, sometime after said settlement was made as aforesaid by said Auditor and commissioner, said Auditor alleged that a mistake had been made in said settlemen; in favor of said school commissioner and that his delinquency was greater than said settlement shows. And whereas, the loose and careless manner in which the

said school commi-sioner kept his books and papers, was such that his delinquency, if greater than said settlement shows, can n ver be correctly ascertained. Therefore, Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana, That the said Henry Lee, George Miller, William W. Galey, Martin Vanhook, Solomon Ball, Ab alom Ketchum, James R. H. Biyant, John D. Strictland and Youel B. Pullin be released from all hability by virtue of being securities upon the official bond of Dapiel Carle, ex-

Hagan's Mills, in Washington county, be and the same is Montgomery county, the fifteenth day of December in the hereby declared a public highway.

Sec. 2. If any person of persons shall erect, or keep up Sec. 2. That the provisions of this act may be plead in any mill dam, or other obstruction calculated to destroy, or har by said securities to any suit or suits that are now pend-

A. C. STEVENSON.

Speaker of the House of Representatives. JESSE D. BRIGHT,
President of the Senata. Approved January 13, 1845: JAS. WHITCOMB.

This certifies that the foregoing are correct copies of the original rolls, on file in my office.

In testimory whereof, I, John H. Thompson, Secretary of State of the State of Indiana, have hereunto set my hand and affixed the scal of State,

at Indianapolis, this 28th day of Janwary, A. D. 1845.

confidence in the right.

Married, Buchanan, Esq. Mr. ISRAEL SLATER to Miss REBECCA SHEARER.

Notice. The Rev. Mr. Kelso, universalist, will lecture in the Court House, on Saturday and Monday evenings next, at candle lighting. He will then give some of his reasons for leaving the Methodist church, with which he was formerly connected, and state the treatment which he received from that church in this place.

Character and soil, this appropriates to Free Labor the portion less adapted to the negro race, and leaves to slawery the portion suitable for the cotton and surgar tion, like that of the Debt, open for future adjustment.

And now, which of these is the wiser course—to And now, which of these is the wiser course—to And now, which of these is the wiser course. And now, which of these is the wiser course. The way of the sure of the county of Lawrence on take this bull by the horns now, which of these is the wiser course. The protection of the county of the sure of the circuit courts in the county of the sure of the circuit courts in the county of the sure of the circuit courts in the county of the circuit courts in the c GRAND SCHEMES. Certificate of Packages of 25 Whole Tickets
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Do do 25 Quarter do \$40,600---\$15,000. ALEXANDRIA LOTTERY, CLASS NO. 8, FOR 1845. Alexandria, D. C., on Saturday, February a in Alexandria, D. C., on Salurday, February, 1981, 1987, 1981, 1987, 1981, 1 ates of Packages of 23 Whole Tickets GRAND SCHEME. \$40,000---\$15,000, ALEXANDRIA LOTTERY, CLASS 9, FOR 1845. To be drawn at Alexandria, D. C., on Saturdi SPLENDID CAPITALS.

J. G. GREGORY & Co., Ma